

Coronavirus Disease – COVID 19

The World Health Organization (WHO) provides reliable information about COVID-19. Go to **WHO.int** click on the red box “Coronavirus Disease (COVID 19) Pandemic” then click on “Public Advice” for more information including when to wear a mask (and how to properly take it off) (Note N95 masks are NOT required), and when and how to practice good hand hygiene (Note that washing your hands with soap and water works just as well as hand sanitizer when done properly). The following information was obtained from The World Health Organization website.

Basic protective measures against the new Coronavirus

Stay aware of the latest information on the COVID-19 pandemic, available on the WHO website and through your national and local public health authority. COVID-19 is now a pandemic affecting people throughout the world. Most people who become infected experience mild illness and recover but it can be more severe for others. Take care of your health and protect others by doing the following:

Regularly and thoroughly clean your hands with an alcohol-based hand rub or wash them with soap and water. **Why?** Washing your hands with soap and water or using alcohol-based hand rub kills viruses that may be on your hands.

Maintain Social Distancing

Maintain at least 2 meters (6 feet) distance between yourself and anyone who is coughing or sneezing. Do not greet people with handshakes, hugs or kisses. Avoid gatherings of people and never have more than 5 people in a group. If possible, do not travel to areas where COVID 19 is spreading. **Why?** When someone coughs or sneezes, they spray small liquid droplets from their nose or mouth which may contain virus. If you are too close, you can breathe in the droplets, including the COVID-19 virus, if the person coughing has the disease.

Avoid Touching Eyes, Nose and Mouth

Why? Hands touch many surfaces and can pick up viruses. Once contaminated, hands can transfer the virus to your eyes, nose or mouth. From there, the virus can enter your body and can make you sick.

Practice Respiratory Hygiene

Make sure you, and the people around you, follow good respiratory hygiene. This means covering your mouth and nose with your bent elbow or tissue when you cough or sneeze. Then immediately dispose of the used tissue and wash or sanitize your hands.

Why? Droplets spread virus. By following good respiratory hygiene, you protect the people around you from viruses such as cold, flu and COVID-19.

If you have fever, cough and difficulty breathing, seek medical care early

Stay home if you feel unwell. If you have a fever, cough and difficulty breathing, seek medical attention and call in advance. Follow the directions of your local health authority. **Why?** National and local authorities will have the most up to date information on the situation in your area. Calling in advance will allow your health care provider to quickly direct you to the right health facility. This will also protect you and help prevent spread of viruses and other infections.

The phone numbers in the Hanover area to call if you think you may need medical attention:

Telehealth (1-866-797-0000)

Hanover and District Hospital 519-364-2340

Hanover Medical Associates: 519-364-2820

Please continue to call 911 if you have a true medical emergency

Protection measures for persons who are in or have recently visited (past 14 days) areas where COVID-19 is spreading

- Follow the guidance outlined above (Protection measures for everyone)
- Self-isolate by staying at home if you begin to feel unwell, even with mild symptoms such as headache, low grade fever (37.3° to 38.0° C.) and slight runny nose, until you recover. It is essential for you to have someone bring you supplies or if you absolutely must go out (e.g. to buy food) then wear a mask to avoid infecting other people. **Why?** Avoiding contact with others and visits to medical facilities will allow these facilities to operate more effectively and help protect you and others from possible COVID-19 and other viruses.
- If you develop fever, cough and difficulty breathing, seek medical advice promptly as this may be due to a respiratory infection or other serious condition. Call in advance and tell your provider of any recent travel or contact with travelers. **Why?** Calling in advance will allow your health care provider to quickly direct you to the right health facility. This will also help to prevent possible spread of COVID-19 and other viruses.